NEW HORIZON SCHOOL SESSION 2018-19 Support Material Class 2 (English) (PERIODIC 1)

NEW HORIZON SCHOOL

Support Material

Class 2 (English)

Fun with friends

Summary

The Nair family lives in Chennai. Their house is near the park. There are many people in the neighbourhood.

The Khan family, Ghosh family and Mishra family are neighbours.

Children went to the park to play. Smitha and Gita are on the see- saw. Amit and Yash are on the monkey bars.

Mohsin, Deep and Uma are on the Merry – go – round. Mrs Nair comes to take all the children back. Mrs Nair asks, did you enjoy playing here? She again asks, did you quarrel? All the children reply "Oh no we don't quarrel, we are friends".

Antonyms (opposites)	Homophones
Many – few	No – know
Near – far	See – sea
Friends – enemies	Two – too
Live – die	There – their
Out – In	
Laugh – cry	
Bad- good	
Front – back	

Question answers

Q1. Who are the neighbours of Nair family?

The neighbours of Nair family are Khan Family, Ghosh family and Mishra family.

Q2. Where does the children play?The children play in the park.Q3. Where do the Nair family live?

The Nair family lives in Chennai.

Make Sentences:

Neighbours: My neighbours are very helpful.

Friends: I have many friends.

Family: I enjoy with my family.

Word meaning

1. Neighbourhood: The area around where you live

2. Neighbours: People who live near you.

NEW HORIZON SCHOOL

Support Material

Class 2 (English)

The Balloon Race

Summary

It is Sunday evening. Dr. Nair asks his children to go for a picnic to Kiddy Park. Their neighbours – The Ghosh family, the Khan family and the Mishra family also go with them to Kiddy park.

In the park they decide to have a balloon race. The parents help the children to blow the balloons. The children have to run and burst the balloons. The first one to burst a balloon wins. Five monkey climbed down from the tree. They grab the balloons and climb back up the trees. The balloon burst and make a loud sound. The monkeys get a fright.

Antonyms (opposites)	Homophones
Good- bad	Their – there
Stand- sit	Two to
Far- near	One – won
Wins- lose	
Down- up	
Start – stop	
Quickly- slowly	
Loud – quiet	
Front- back	
Laugh- cry	

Word Meaning

1. Burst: break suddenly

2. Grab: take quickly

3. Fright: sudden feeling of fear

Question answer.

Q1. Where did the children go for picnic?

Ans: The children went to Kiddy Park for picnic.

Q2. Why did the monkey get a fright?

Ans: The monkey got a fright because the balloons burst.

Q3. Who helped the children to blow the balloons?

Ans: The parents helped the children to blow the parents.

GRAMMAR

Gender

1. Masculine Gender: the words which are used for males

2. Feminine Gender: the words which are used for females

3. Neuter Gender: the words which are used for non-living things that are neither male nor female.

Nouns (Kinds)

1. Common Noun is the name given to every person, place, animal or thing of the same kind.

Ex: dog, boy, table, park, balloon

2. Proper Noun is the particular name of a person, a place, an animal or a thing.

Ex: New Delhi, Preeti, Sunday, October etc